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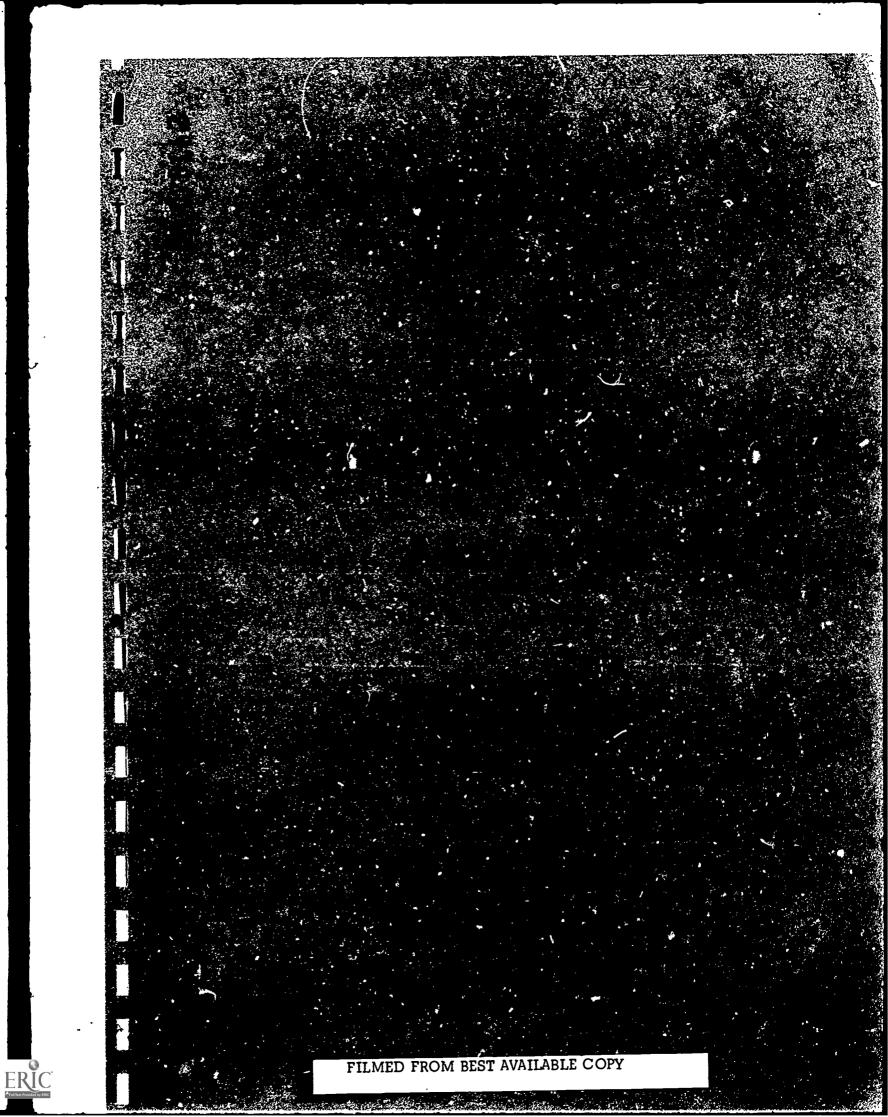
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ABSTRACT

Summarized are the outcomes of an 8-day conference held in Atlanta during April, 1973 on administrative planning for allied health occupations. A total of 86 participants from each of the eight states in Region IV, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare attended the conference. Activities included: (1) information dissemination discussions and demonstrations by key personnel in the health field, (2) reactions to the information and views of speaker by representatives of education and health agencies, and (3) small group sessions in which participants could interact directly with a key representative of an agency. From the formal and informal feedback regarding the effectiveness of the conference, it appears that similar conferences in other regions should be provided. Appended are the evaluation form, a list of participants, the Conference program, and selected materials from various health organizations. (Author/SN)



CONFERENCE ON ADMINISTRATIVE PLANNING FOR ALLIED HEALTH OCCUPATIONS

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FOREWORD

The educational preparation of health workers is increasingly recognized as a function of educational institutions in cooperation with health agencies, rather than as a function of health agencies themselves. As preparatory programs for health personnel are added to the total curriculum offerings of educational institutions, the responsibility for planning these new programs is often assigned to an administrative person who does not have a health background. In such cases, lack of knowledge about agencies responsible for approving health preparatory programs can result in a program which does not qualify its graduates for the credentialing examination. Certainly, awareness of such agencies and the use of their guidelines by administrators and health program coordinators could greatly facilitate planning and implementation of a new curriculum in health occupations education.

In 1970 forty different health curriculums could be provided through vocational education. An even larger number of curriculums in health is provided in junior colleges and four-year institutions. Thus, the burgeoning health occupations curriculums have created the need to provide an opportunity for program-planners in all post-secondary institutions to interact with personnel from health agencies which approve and/or accredit educational programs designed to prepare personnel for the health field.

As a result of a growing concern about planning procedures, the Region IV Offic, Bureau of Health Manpower Education, contracted with the Division of Vocational Education, University of Georgia to provide a three-day conference to bring together persons in educational administration and personnel from accrediting agencies to share information and discuss mutual concerns. This document is the

Final Report on the Conference on Administrative Planning for Allied Health occupations held in Atlanta, Georgia, April 16-18, 1973 fresentations by the consultants and comments by panelists will be issued as Conference Proceedings."

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Conference on Administrative Planning for Allied Health Occupations

The educational administrator who is concerned about contributing to the health manpower needs of his community is confronted with numerous agencies having responsibilities for approval of programs and credentialing of graduates. In view of a growing tendency to limit credentialing examinations to graduates of approved programs and to require that approval be granted prior to the admission of students, it has become increasingly necessary that educational administrators know about policies and procedures relevant to program approval and credentialing of health personnel. The Conference on Administrative Planning for Allied Health Occupations represents an effort to bring about interaction between representatives of two major societal institutions—education and health—which share responsibilities for meeting needs of the health field for qualified personnel.

PURPOSES

The Conference was designed to accomplish the following purposes:

- 1. To provide an opportunity for program-planners to become aware of the role of health agencies and professional organizations in--
 - a) Providing guidelines and standards for programs to prepare health workers,
 - b) Approving programs (during planning and implementation phases), and
 - c) Administering credentialing examinations to graduates of approved programs;
- 2. To provide direct assistance to program-planners in initiating requests for program approval and in interpreting guidelines for program development;

- 3. To stimulate the interest of program planners in using advisory committees with extensive representation from the health community;
- 4. To focus attention on the use of survey data based on manpower needs for educational program planning;
- 5. To provide information to program-planners on current trends which have implica one for health manpower training; and
- 6. To assist program-planners in identifying feedback procedures for program evaluation, instructional planning, placement, and follow-up.

PARTICIPANTS

Approximately four hundred announcements (Appendix A) were mailed to educational and health personnel throughout the eight states of Region IV, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. A special effort was made to reach all types of postsecondary institutions which offer less-than-baccalaureate level programs in the health field. In addition, an effort was made to inform selected representatives of employing agencies, planning agencies, and significant persons in policy-making and/or decision-making positions in each state. State supervisors for health occupations education assisted by identifying key persons who should be invited to the Conference.

Preconference response to the announcements was highly enthusiastic. In addition to preregistration applications from eighty persons, there were numerous phone calls and letters regarding the Conference. Interestingly, a number of persons who preregistered but were prevented from attending by later circumstances sent a substitute in order to have their agencies represented. Certainly the enthusiastic response is indicative of widespread recognition that the Conference addressed an important problem area.

A total of 86 participants attended; each of the eight states in Region IV was represented. A list of participants is provided in Appendix B.

PROGRAM

The program for the Conference on Administrative Planning for Allied Health Occupations (Appendix C) was designed to provide three types of formal activities:

- information dissemination by key personnel representing the health field;
- reactions to the information and views of the speakers by representatives of education and health agencies;
- 3. small group sessions in which participants could interact directly with a key representative of an agency with program-approval and/or worker-credentialing responsibilities for a specific job in the health field.

Keynote speakers represented state-level planning, federal-level planning, and the project approach to developing guidelines for new and emerging jobs in the health field (state-federal level planning). These speakers served secondarily as resource people, in addition to their formal presentations. Representatives of the Council on Education of the American Medical Association, Council on Dental Education of the American Dental Association, and a state supervisor for Emergency Medical Technician-Ambulance served as presentors and as resource persons for the small group sessions. Panelists who reacted to the presentations represented employers of health personnel (a hospital administrator, a nursing home director and a supervisor in a federal health agency); educational planners at the local level a (coordinator of health occupations education, dean of instruction in a junior college, local director of occupational education for a school system); and state supervision (supervisor for health occupations education),

The emphasis on interaction between the educational agency and the health agency in regard to program approval and credentialing of graduates was followed by presentations on processes for effective planning for health occupations education. These presentations were devoted to such topics as proficiency testing for advanced placement



and/or credentialing, utilization of military personnel in health agency settings, using manpower data for program-planning, and the value of local surveys and advisory committees for studying local needs for health occupations education programs. The program concluded with a panel of representatives from the American Medical Association and the American Dental Association explaining the procedures used to develop the Guidelines and Essentials for each program in health. This presentation served to re-emphasize interagency and interdisciplinary involvement in planning, implementing, and evaluating educational programs to prepare personnel to function in the health field.

Group sessions were planned for discussing specific jobs in the health field, in accordance with interests expressed on the preregistration form. The jobs selected for group discussion may be somewhat representative of the current trends and/or current manpower needs for the health field in the Southeast. These jobs were operating room technician, nuclear medicine technician, radiologic technologist, emergency medical technician—ambulance, medical laboratory assistant, medical assistant, histologic technician, respiratory therapy of de, dental assistant, dental hygienist, and dental laboratory nologist.

Information given by the consultants and panelists was supplemented by printed materials from health professional organizations. A list of these organizations and the materials they provided is provided in Appendix D. Thus, participants were exposed to a variety of stimulating presentations, were given opportunities to interact with key persons, and were given printed materials as a nucleus for building a reference file of guidelines for planning, implementing, and evaluating health occupations education programs. Selected examples of such materials are shown in Appendix D.

EVALUATION

A subjective and general evaluation of the Conference as a whole would have to be that it was extremely well received by all

participants. The overall atmosphere of the Conference was remarkable for the degree of enthusiasm and positive attitudes expressed. This indication of Conference effectiveness was substantiated by analysis of Conference evaluation forms.

Formal evaluation of the Conference is based on twenty-seven forms submitted by participants following adjournment. (Unfortunately, a number of participants found it necessary to leave before the evaluation forms were distributed.) The evaluation form (Appendix A) was purposely kept simple in the hope that participants would respond to every question. To some degree the form did have this effect.

Item one provided an opportunity for participants to give their overall reactions to the Conference in one of three terms: "Effective," "So-so,"

"Ineffective." Twenty-two respondents rated the Conference "Effective;"

three rated the Conference "So-so;" no respondent rated the Conference

"Ineffective."

Item number two elicited a "yes" or "no" response to three questions.

Responses were as follows:

YES NO

A. Your knowledge about guidelines for planning new curriculum programs in allied health occupations?

- B. Your understanding or procedures for seeking approval for a new curriculum program in allied health occupations?
- C. Your awareness of "appropriate others" to involve in 25 0 planning a new curriculum in allied health occupations education?

The third item elicited feelings of participants regarding the most helpful activities of the Conference. The following were listed by one or more participants as being the most helpful activities of the Conference:

Afternoon workgroups;

Information about what is going on in the field allied to my own;

Variation of speakers covering the various allied health careers;

Presentations from such a fine cross-section of speakers; the emphasis came through from each, albeit differently. We should leave with better defined goals in planning, aware of problems, prepared to probe them and perhaps to solve them;

Address by Helen Powers;

Address by Wilson Morgan;

Address by Helen Powers;

Address by Wilson Morgan-CHP emphasis;

Specialized session on those topics most pertinent to my program;

Speakers of group sessions were excellent-written essentials from the various national agencies should probably have been available and passed out to conference participants on a greater number of allied health programs than just those listed;

Planning process and the ideas covering the process;

Opportunity for one-to-one conferences with the varied level participants;

Speakers; group discussion; direct conversation with others;

Variety of experts;

Morning sessions;

Sources of information for manpower needs listed Wednesday morning; afternoon sessions with field representatives; emphasis on importance and methods of planning; I think this has perhaps been of greatest benefit to me;

Panel discussions-group sessions;

Speakers and resource people;

The presentations; "Data Base for Program-Planning" one of the best; most helpful in approach for getting information;

All presentations were good, some exceptional; the overview given by group consultants help to clarify areas not brought out in group work;

The presentations were very good; some excellent. I would have liked to hear other points from Miss Powers; her presentations were excellent;

Discussing guidelines and procedures for establishing programs in allied health occupations. Material obtained was good;

Small group presentations on specific allied health careers;

Overview of health occupations education in other states; Billie Kerr was especially effective; talking to representatives of certification agencies; Peg Ryan outstanding; The afternoon sessions and the "buzz" sessions with the others attending the conference;

Group sessions where information about individual programs was made available;

Group sessions; speakers (I feel fortunate to have heard all of them); some of the comments by members of the reaction panels. It has been most helpful to learn of all the help and information which is available.

Item number four elicited from participants their feelings regarding the <u>least helpful</u> activities of the conference. The following were listed:

Discussions centering around basic data .pproaches to planning;

I am not involved in the specific technologies;

P.N. resource people lacked pass-out information, but this will be mailed to us;

Group meetings;

No information on BHME funding;

The topic "Serving Community Needs -- Strategies and Procedures" wasn't even discussed. I felt the panels were very useful and very interesting;

Afternoon panels—the person conducting sessions were limited in materials they could share an entwers they could give;

Suggest each group leader have more information or at least aware of group members who have information needed by the group;

Failure to begin meetings on time and hold a schedule;

Several speakers seemed unclear as to what their presentations should include and spent their time advertising their respective agencies. Would have been more helpful had they discussed how they plan rather than what they plan;

Danish pastries -- too many calories;

Group sessions in the afternoon;

Group sessions;

The afternoon activities:

All activities real helpful, I cannot identify the least helpful;



With tighter scheduling I believe the material presented could have been done in less time;

None:

No outscanding deficiencies; very useful conference;

Discussion of terminology by Dr. Ball; maybe it was due to the lateness for lunch. Other sessions with him were most productive;

Comments by some of the reaction panel members.

Item five asked for recommendations for future conferences. The following suggestions were submitted:

Opportunities for a little more open discussion and questions from the floor;

Development of consortium for Health Occupations Education, I am not a planner for allied health occupations education;

More in-depth study of various careers;

To take the hint for planning given to us we might keep in mind the need to articulate this data in the light of what needs to be considered after one more year in the field;

Decision-making based on data;

Limitations on program implementation;

More of the same;

Innovations in teaching allied health programs--core, cluster, mini-units, etc.; a top-notch group would be welcome;

Some useful charts, graphs, etc., sharing needs and the long-range implementation of such. What impact will surrounding areas have on need for a certain program? Do we not look short-range? Why don't we look at long-range planning? Why not consider "impact areas" rather than a given community or target areas? What about dual role planning toward implementation (e.g. LPN training and this individual also be trained in EKG reading and/or taking)? What about problem-solving approach to define or determine needs?

Curriculum comparison and analysis sessions in respect to local, state, national evaluation;

Conferences involving different levels of education-secondary, postsecondary, vocational, A.D. and B.S. who produce health occupations workers; participants should include employers of the health workers;

Trends in health occupations;

Perhaps a breakdown into groups of instructors, directors, supervisors with leadership provided to discuss how each person can function most effectively in his area of involvement to plan for future programs as well as to plan around existing programs;

Perhaps more workshop emphasis for greater inv lvement of participants;

Information for programs using core concept, advantages, disadvantages; involve "senior college" people so that we have better communication for career mobility;

Need more audience questioning time;

More specific information concerning collection of data; curriculum development; new trends; use of new teaching media;

All administrators of allied health occupations programs should be invited. Hospital trustees or hospital board of control members from both public and private hospitals should be invited. Many allied health occupations are still conducted in hospitals and the trustees have the final say on these budgeted positions;

Sources of funds--federal, state associations, industry, etc.;

Student organizations; overview of secondary programs throughout the nation; health occupations education's role in career education. Note--we suffer from a lack of communication. How about somehow establishing a national organization for health occupations education instructors plus a newsletter?

Comparison of organization make-up of various state systems; discussion of health occupations teacher education programs; role of the vocational technical programs in developing associate degree programs in allied health; what is the possibility of establishing a national health occupations education teachers organization? Communication is poor nationally and we need a national forum!

One respondent chose to write a summary evaluation rather than respond to the items



"I think it is always great when there is an opportunity for people of a certain area to get together to consider problems and possible solutions. This conference provided that kind of opportunity. I regret I was unable to attend more of the sessions. I was somewhat disappointed with Dr. Kerr's presentation—more preparation would have helped us as she is a knowledgeable person in her field. The other presentations I heard were for the most part satisfactory."

As might be expected, each participant perceived segments of the program in his/her own way, probably in accordance with the primary concerns of each individual. In view of the above responses, it would appear safe to conclude that this was essentially a successful conference in the eyes of the participants. Certainly there is no question that approximately seventy-five persons in positions related to educational planning now possess a large store of information which they can use in the planning process. Also, there is now widespread awareness of the role of certain agencies in assisting local and state personnel with program-planning and program-approval procedures.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

In view of certain formal and informal feedback regarding the effectiveness of this conference, it appears that similar conferences in other regions should be provided. If the reactions of these participants can be viewed as indicative of the needs of educational personnel in general, then certainly a replication of this conference or the provision of similar conferences in each of the regions could be justified.

Certainly, it is desirable—possibly essential—that there be in each state at least one person who is knowledgeable about health agencies and the educational system, in order to provide liaison services at the state level and serve as consultant to local communities as they plan for expanded health occupations programs. Without such a person there is a risk of programs being initiated without proper contacts and without the procedures which guarantee

that graduates will be eligible for certifying examinations. This type of problem can be prevented by state-level planning and provision for liaison and/or consultant services to local systems as new health curriculums are considered.

Hopefully, the Conference on Administrative Planning for Allied Health Occupations has provided assistance to a large number of persons. The Conference, however, cannot be deemed as a substitute for continuous availability of consultant services within each state of the Region

APPENDIX A

Announcement

Evaluation Form

Health Occupations Education Programs
which can be funded through
Vocational Education

Dental assisting

Dental hygiene

Cytology

Histology

Medical laboratory assisting

Health Occupations Teacher Education Program Division of Vocational Education, College of University of Georgia, Athens, Georgia

ADMINISTRATIVE PLANNING

8

CONFERENCE ON

Practical nursing Nursing assistant Psychiatric aide Surgical technician Obstetric technician Home health aide School health aide

Occupational therapy
Physical therapy
Frosthetics
Orthotics
Radiological technology
Radiological technology
Radiation therapy
Muclear medicine technology
Ophthalmic dispensing
Orthoptics

Optometrist assistant

Environmental health assistant
Radiological health technician
Sanitarian's assistant
Mental health technician
Mental retardation aide
Electrocardiographic technician
Inhalation therapy
Medical assistant
Central ssrvice technician
Community health aide
Medical emergency technician
Food service supervisor
Modical emergency technician
Food service supervisor

ALLED HEALTH COCKPANIONS

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ATTANTA CABANA MOTOR HOTEL

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

April 16, 17, e 18, 1973

conducted by

Health Occupations Teacher
Education Program
Division of Vocational Education
College of Education
University of Georgia

For

Region IV Bureau of Health Manpower Education

Orthopedic assisting

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health occur-cions education programs? should plan postsecondar

HOW? are health manpower needs determined? A. The

are guidelines established?

allied health occupations programs at the local level? is the potential scope of

should the accrediting health ning a new curriculum? agency be involved in plan-

SHARE THEM! IF YOU DO HAVE ANSWERS; JOIN US AND

IF YOU DON'T, THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUN-

learn about guidelines for planning new curriculums in health occupations education

tions curriculums. lished by approving agencies for specific health occupa-Learn about criteria estab-

developing the health occuparions education program at the local level.

> ad journment Aj April 16, 8:30 A.M

Morning Sessions: presentations and panel discussions -

tions education Responsibilities for health occupaprogram-planning.

Problems and Approaches in using

manpower data.

health occupations program. ting standards for a specify Establishing guidelines and set-

ting agencies to obtain program planning agency involvement in broad program-Procedures for involving accided Coordinating educational and health

approval.

Afternoom Sessions; small group conferences devoted to guidelines for specific curriculums in health occupations education.

Consultants:

program-planning from federal and Medical Education, ADA Council on Dental Education, and others in and state educational agencies, state health agencies, rederal and professional organizations. Representatives of AMA Council on

PREREGISTRATION

Institution or

Please return this form by 1973.

Elizabeth Milliken, Ed.D. Project Director 604 Aderhold Hall 504 Aderhold Hall
University of Georgia Athens, Georgia 30602

Motel reservations should be made one month in advance of conference to insure the special room rate

Telephone

Please list below the health occupations curriculuse your institution may initiate within the next five years. (See list on the back of this announcement.) This information will help us arrange for appropriate agency representation at the conference.

CONFERENCE EVALUATION

PLEASE CIRCLE ONE RESPONSE:

1.	My overal	ll reaction	is	that	the	Conference	was:
	Effective	e		So-	-So		Ineffective

2. Did you think that the Conference has made a significant contri-

- a. Your knowledge about guidelines for planning new Yes No curriculum programs in allied health occupations?
- b. Your understanding of procedures for seeking appro- Yes No val for a new curriculum program in allied health occupations?
- c. Your awareness of "appropriate others" to involve Yes No in planning a new curriculum in allied health occupations education?

PLEASE GIVE YOUR THOUGHTS AND/OR FEELINGS IN REGARD TO -

3. The most helpful activities of the conference:

4. The <u>least</u> helpful activities of the conference:

5. Recommendations for future conferences (specifically, your needs as a planner for allied health occupations education):

THANK YOU FOR RESPONDING. HAVE A SAFE TRIP HOME.



APPENDIX B

List of Participants



CONFERENCE ON ADMINISTRATIVE PLANNING FOR ALLIED HEALTH OCCUPATIONS

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Joe Taylor, Administrator Northside Hospital 1000 Johnson Ferry Road, N.E. Atlanta, Georgia 30302

Mrs. Mercedes Thompson
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Mrs. Grace Ward, Director
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Occupations
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340 Victoria Road
Asheville, North Carolina 28801

Mrs. Patricia A. Wolfmeyer Health Planner Community Service Council, Inc. 3600 8th Avenue, South Birmingham, Alabama 35222

James R. Woods, Ph.D.
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Nashville Pike
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Hubert F. Worthy, Branch Director State Technical Institutes Room 855, State Office Building Montgomery, Alabama 36104

APPENDIX C

Conference Program

CONFERENCE ON ADMINISTRATIVE PLANNING FOR ALLIED HEALTH OCCUPATIONS

April 15, 16, 17, 18, 1973

Atlanta Cabana Motor Hotel Atlanta, Georgia

Mary Elizabeth Milliken, Ed.D. Project Director

Health Occupations Teacher Education Program
Division of Vocational Education
College of Education
University of Georgia

for

Region IV

Bureau of Health Education Manpower

National Institutes of Health

Department of Health, Education, and Welfare



REGISTRATION: Sunday 4:00 - 7:00 p.m., Lobby

Monday 8:00 - 12:00 N, Castilian Foyer

MONDAY MORNING

8:30 Presiding

Mary Elizabeth Milliken

Welcome

George L. O'Kelley, Jr.

Introductions

9:00 - 9:45 Responsibilities for Programplanning at the Local Level

Joe D. Mills

9:45 - 10:15 · Reaction Panel

Local Coordinator, Health Occupations Education,
Betty McCrary

Junior College Dean of Instruction, Harold Olsen

State Supervisor for Health Occupations, Julie Cave

Local Director, James F. Clark

10:15 - 10:45 Refreshment Bleak, Castilian Foyer

10:45 - 11:30 Potential Scope of the Health Occupations Education Program

Helen K. Powers

11:30 Solving the Riddle of Health Job Titles

Warien G. Ball

MONDAY AFTERNOON	GROUP SESSIONS
1:30 - 3:00	Program-planning Group Session #1
	Operating Room Technician John J. Fauser
	Nuclear Medicine Technician) Radiologic Technologist) Warren G. Ball
•	Emergency Medical Technician-Ambulance Phil Petty
3:00 - 4:30	Program-planning Group Session #2
	Medical Laboratory Assistant Warren G. Ball
	Medical Assistant John J. Fauser
•	Emergency Medical Technician-Ambulance

Phil Petty



TUESDAY MORNING

TUESDAY MORNING

Presiding

	John ny W.	Browne
8:30 - 8:45	Announcements	
8:45 - 9:45		ning: Mutual Concern Health Professionals
	Elizabeth	Kerr
9:45 - 10:30	Reaction Panel	
Hospital Admi	nistrator	Joe Taylor
Health Occupations Educati Coordinator		Keith Johnson
Nursing Home	Director	Bill Barrett
Supervisor -) Setting	Health Agency	M. M. Brooke
10:30 - 10:45	Refreshment Break	, Castilian Foyer
10:45 - 12:00	Current Trends in Occupations	Allied Health
Proficiency To	esting	Dennis Carringer
Utilization of Personnel in Field	f Military n the Health	Jimmie McLeod

NOON

LUNCHEON BREAK



UESDAY AFTERNOON	GROUP SESSIONS			
1:30 - 3:00	Program-planning Group Session #3			
	Dental Assistant	Margaret Ryan		
	Histologic Technician	John J. Fauser		
	Medical Laboratory Assistant	Warren G. Ball		
3:00 - 4:30	Program-planning Group Session #4			
	Medical Assistant	John J. Fauser		
	Respiratory Therapy Aid	e Warren G. Ball		
	Dental Hygienist) Dental Laboratory			
	Technologist)	Margaret Ryan		



WEDNESDAY MORNING

	•	
	Presiding	Mary Elizabeth Milliken
8:30 - 8:45	Announcements	
8:45 - 10:15	The Data Base for Program	n Planning
	Collecting and Interpr Data in the Health Fie	reting Manpower
		Wilson Morgan
	Surveying Community Ne	eeds - Strategies
		George Hardy
10:15 - 10:45	Refreshment Break, Castil	ian Foyer
10:45 - 11:30	Panel: Procedures for Es Essentials, Guidelines, a	stablishing ind Standards
	Dr. Ball, Dr. Fauser,	Ms. Ryan
11:30 - 12:00	Questions and Answers	
,	Conference Evaluation	
12:00 - 12:30	Summary	Dr. James Lovett
12:30	ADJOURN	

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

CONFERENCE ON ADMINISTRATIVE FLANNING

FOR ALLIED HEALTH OCCUPATIONS

SPEAKLRS

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CONFERENCE ON ADMINISTRATIVE PLANNING FOR ALLIED HEALTH OCCUPATIONS

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Phil Petty, Coordinator
EMT and Ambulance Programs
Division of Adult, Vocational and
Technical Education
State Department of Education
State Office Building
Atlanta, Georgia

APPENDIX D

Health Organizations (Printed Material)

Selected Materials for Reference File



MEALTH GGAN, SALL US

ORGANIZATION AND MATERIALS

Accrediting Bureau of Medical 'aboratory Schools 3038 West Lexington Avenue Oak Manor Offices Elkhart, Indiana 46514

Accredited Medical Assistant Schools, 1973 (Pamphlet)

Accredited Medical L.boratory Schools, 1973 (Pamphlet)

Manual of the Accrediting Bureau of Medical Laboratory Schools (7th Edition

Manual of the Accrediting Bureau of Medical Laboratory Schools for Medical Assistant Education (2nd Edition)

Self-Evaluation Report, Form 2-B, Medical Assistant

American Association of Medical Assistants 1 East Wacker Drive Suite 1510 Chicago, 111inois 60601

A Fascinating, Rewarding Career; Medical Assistant

Essentials of an Approved Educational Program for Medical Assistants (Fact Sheet)

American Association of Ophthalmology 1100 17th Street N.W Washington D.C. 20036

> Announcing the American Association of Ophthalmology's Home Study Courses for Ophthalmic Medical Assistants (Pamphlet)

"Careers in 'phthalmology and Eye Surgery " Cole, Helen G. Journal of the American Medical Women's Association, 20:483-486, May 1965 (Reprint)

Literature Order Form

Occupational Guidance .phthalmologist (Information sheet)

"Cphthalmology as a Career " Clark, H F Resident Physician, March 1962 (Reprint)

American Association of Ophthalmology

"Ophthalmology as a Vocation." Falls, Harold F. The New Physician, March 1959

Optical Techniques. Manchester, P.; McCord, C. (Home study course supplemental booklet) \$3.00

Science Research Associates Occupational Brief, No. 146; Ophthal-mologist

American Dietetic Association 620 North Michigan Avenue Chicago, Illinois 60611

Publications and Reprints

The Dietetic Assistant, Facts for Educators

The Dietetic Supportive Personnel, Fact Sheet for Students

The Dietetic Technician, Facts for Educators

American Medical Association 535 North Dearborn Street Chicago, Illinois 60610

Allied Medical Education Fact Sheet

Allied Medical Education Newsletter

American Medical Technologists Association 710 Higgins Road
Park Ridge, Illinois 60068

American Medical Technologists Student Flyer (Bulletin)

Answers to your Questions about an Exciting Career in Medical Technology (Pamphlet)

Application for Scholarship (Form)

Medical Technology - Your Service Career - Your Civilian Career; Prepared for Armed Forces Personnel by the American Medical Technologists Association (Pamphlet)

Opportunities Unlimited: Your Career Ladder in Medical Technology (Pamphlet)

Science Products Foundation Echolarship Application (Form)

American Medical Te hnologists Association

Standards, Programs, Awards (Pamphle*)

Standards and Qualifications for Registration; A Career Ladder for Medical Laboratory Personnel (Pamphlet)

American Optometric Association 7000 Chippewa Street St. Louis, Missouri 63119

Paraoptometrics Personnel Educational Programs (Listing)

The Paraoptometrics; A New Frontier in the Health Care Field (Pamphlet)

American Occupational Therapy Association, Inc. 6000 Executive Boulevard Rockville, Maryland 20852

American Occupational Therapy Organizations; American Occupational Therapy Association, Inc. and American Occupational Therapy Foundation, Inc.; and their functions (Fact sheet)

Educating the Occupational Therapy Assistant, A Guide, History (Currently being revised)

Function of Occupational Therapy Assistants (Information pamphlet)

Occupational Therapy Educational Programs (Listing)

Occupational Therapy Handbook

Occupational Therapy: Its Definition and Functions (Pamphlet)

American Physical Therapy Association 1156 15th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C.

Development of Standards for Basic Education in Physical Therapy-A History (Information sheet)

Guidelines for Physical Therapist Assistant Programs

Guidelines for Physical Therapy Aide Training

Process Guidelines: Suggested Components of Programs of Professional Education in Physical Therapy (Information document)

Standards for Basic Education in Physical Therapy (Pamphlet)

American Physical Therapy Association

What is Physical Therapy? (Information sheet)

American Society of Electroencephalographic Technologists c/o Lila Snodgrass, R. EEG T.
Division of EEG
Department of Psychiatry
University of Iowa
Iowa City, Iowa 52240

A Career in EEG Technology (Pamphlet)

Insert for: A Career in EEG Technology (Program Listing)

American Society of Medical Technologists Suite 1600 Hermann Professional Building Houston, Pexas 77025

Approved Educational Programs for the Certified Laboratory Assistant, 1971 (Booklet)

Approved Educational Programs for Medical Technology, 1971 (Booklet)

Approved Educational Programs for the Cytotechnologist, 1971 (Booklet)

Code of Ethics for the Medical Technologist

Essentials for an Accredited School for Histologic Technicians, 1970

Essentials for an Accredited School for Medical Laboratory Technicians, 1971

The Registry of Medical Technologists of the American Society of Clinical Pathologists (Information Sheet)

What Kind of Career Could I have in a Medical Laboratory? (Booklet)

Joint Commission on Allied Health Personnel in Ophthalmology 1575 University Avenue St. Paul, Minnesota 55104

Career in Medicine, Ophthalmic Medical Assistants (Pamphlet)

National Association of Hearing and Speech Agencies 191 18th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20006

Audiometric Assistant: A Suggested Guide for a Manpower Training Program. U.S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare, U.S.O.E., Division of Manpower Development and Training

National Association of Human Services Technologies (formerly The National Association of Psychiatric Technicians) 11th and L Bldg., Main Floor Sacramento, California 95814

Announcement, The Academy of Human Service Scie: ces

ESPRIT. (Newsletter, NAHST) n/c to members, \$2.50 annually to non-members

Goals of N.A.H.S.T. (Information sheet)

Proposal for an Associate of Arts Degree Curriculum in Psychiatric Technology, California Society of Psychiatric Technicians, A Program to Train Middle-level Professionals in Mental Health. Fuzessery, Zoltan, March 1969 (Paper)

The Psychiatric Technician . . . (Pamphlet)

The Psychiatric Technician, An Outline of his Work and Capabilities. (Reprint)

The Psychiatric Technician: Past, Present and Future (Pamphlet)

What is NAPT? (Pamphlet)

National Committee for Careers in the Medical Laboratory 9650 Rockville Pike
Bethesda, Maryland 20014

Approved Educational Programs for Certified Laboratory Assistants, 1971 (Booklet)

Approved Educational Programs for Cytotechnologists, 1971 (Booklet)

Associate Degree Medical Laboratory Technician Programs, 1972 (Booklet)

Approved Educational Programs for Medical Technologists, 1971 (Booklet)

Bulletin of Information (Newsletter)

Fact Sheet: A Manual of Cytotechnology, 1973

National Committee for Careers in the Medical Laboratory

Fact Sheet on Salaries in Medical Laboratory, 1973

GIST, Newsletter Relating to the Medical Laboratory

List of Publications and Films compiled by the National Committee for Careers in the Medical Laboratory

National Council for Homemaker-Home Health Aide Services, Inc. 67 Irving Place New York, New York 10003

Help at Home in Personal Care and Rehabilitation (Pamphlet)

Publications and Visual Aide List

Whereas. . (Pamphlet)

National Executive Housekeepers Association, Inc. Business and Professional Bldg. Second Avenue Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

Wanted: An Executive Housekeeping Know-it-all (Pamphlet)

1972 Certification Program (320 Hour Educational Program for Certification Membership)

Public Affiars Pamphlets 381 Park Avenue, South New York, New York 10016

Wanted: Medical Technologists; Pamphlet # 442

Registry EMT-Ambulance Technicians P.O. Box 29233 1395 East Granville Road Columbus, Ohio 43229

Entry Requirements for EMT-Ambulance Programs

Registry Emergency Medical Technician-Ambulance (Information pamphlet)

Registry of Medical Technologists of the American Society of Clinical Pathologists P.O. Box 4872 Chicago, Illinois 60680

Fact Sheet: Careers in the Medical Laboratory

Medical Laboratory: Careers with a Future (Pamphlet)

Registry of Medical Technologists of the American Society of Clinical Pathologists

The Essentials for an Approved Educational Program for Medical Technologists, Adopted Board of Schools, 2/5/72

The Essentials of Approved Schools for Medical Laboratory Technicians with Guidelines, 1972

The Human Cell and the Cytotechnologist, Film (Pamphlet)

The Registry of Medical Technologists of the American Society of Clinical Pathologists (Information pamphlet)

Scholarships and Loans for Medical Laboratory Study (Information sheet)



AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

535 NORTH DEARBORN STREET . CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60610 . PHONE (312) 527-1500 . TWX 910-221-0300

2/73

DIVISION OF MEDICAL EDUCATION

C. H. WILLIAM RUHE, M.D. Director

DEPARTMENT OF ALLIED MEDICAL PROFESSIONS AND SERVICES MEDICAL ASSISTANT

RALPH C. KUHLI, M.P.H.

Medical assistants are usually employed in physicians' offices where they perform a variety of administrative and clinical tasks to facilitate the work of doctors. Some, however, work in hospitals and clinics, and although most medical assistants are women some men also are numbered in their ranks.

Medical assistants have a wide range of duties in many aspects of the physician's practice. Their administrative duties include scheduling and receiving patients; obtaining patients' data; maintaining medical records; handling telephone calls, correspondence, reports and manuscripts; purchasing and maintaining supplies and equipment; and assuming responsibility for insurance matters, office accounts, fees and collections and office care. In offices with two or more medical assistants, one will act as a supervisor, with responsibility for personnel and office management. Their medical duties include assisting with examinations and treatments; performing certain diagnostic tests; carrying out those laboratory procedures that can be done in a physician's office; and sterilizing instruments and equipment.

The demand for qualified medical assistants is high and is expected to grow in the future. Salaries vary widely from community to community and from one geographic area to another. Generally, the medical assistant receives a starting salary on a par with that paid in the community to secretaries and office workers having comparable skills. Job security is excellent and working conditions are pleasant.

The Council of Medical Education of the American Medical Association and the American Association of Medical Assistants collaborates in determining minimal educational standards, termed Essentials, for programs for medical assistants. The Council on Medical Education grants formal approval to educational programs which meet or exceed the agreed upon standards. Lists of AMA-approved programs are available from the Department of Allied Medical Professions and Services of the American Medical Association.





THE AMERICAN DIETETIC ASSOCIATION

620 NORTH MICHIGAN AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60611

TELEPHONE: 312/664-0443

DIETETIC SUPPORTIVE PERSONNEL Fact Sheet for Educators

Dietetic manpower needs and the shifting social structure are among the factors which demand a change in the role of the dietitian and underscore the crucial requirement for additional educated dietetic personnel.

The American Dietetic Association has identified two categories of supportive personnel in the field of dietetics: dietetic assistants and dietetic technicians.

> RECOMMENDED CLASSIFICATION, FUNCTION, AND QUALIFICATIONS FOR SUPPORTIVE PERSONNEL IN THE FIELD OF DIETETICS

CLASSIFICATION	FUNCTION	QUALIFICATIONS
Dietetic Technician	Under the supervision of a dietitian, or an administrator and a consulting dietitian, he assists in providing and assessing food service management or nutritional care services.	He is a skilled worker in food service management or nutritional care who has successfully completed an associate degree program for dietetic technicians which meets the standards established by The American Dietetic Association.
Dietetic Assistant *	Under the close supervision of a dietetic technician, or a dietitian, or an administrator and a consulting dietitian, and through assigned tasks, he participates in providing food service supervision and nutritional care services.	He is a high school graduate (or equivalent) who has successfully completed a course in food service supervision and nutritional care which meets the standards established by The American Dietetic Association.

*This generic term includes the title, food service supervisor.

ADA STANDARDS FOR SUPPORTIVE PERSONNEL PROGRAMS

(Order via "Publications & Reprints")

Dietetic Technician Program - ESSENTIALS OF AN ACCEPTABLE PROGRAM OF DIETETIC

TECHNICIAN EDUCATION

Dietetic Assistant Program - Manual for the Education of the Food Service Supervisor: Part I and Part II

For further information regarding -

- . the chief activities of the dietetic technician or dietetic assistant
- . procedure for reviewing and approving dietetic technician or dietetic assistant programs . schools which offer dietetic technician or dietetic assistant programs - write (address above) or call (person-to-person) the Coordinator, Education of Supportive Personnel



THE AMERICAN DIETETIC ASSOCIATION

620 NORTH MICHIGAN AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60611

TELEPHONE: 312/664-0443

DIETETIC SUPPORTIVE PERSONNEL Fact Sheet for Students

Dictetic manpower needs and the shifting social structure are among the factors which demand a change in the role of the dietitian and underscore the crucial need for additional educated distetic personnel.

The American Dietetic Association has identified two categories of supportive personnel in the field of dietetics: dietetic technicians and dietetic assistants.

RECOMMENDED CLASSIFICATION, FUNCTION, AND QUALIFICATIONS FOR SUPPORTIVE PERSONNEL IN THE FIELD OF DIETETICS

CLASSIFICATION	FUNCTION	QUALIFICATIONS	
Dietetic Technician	Under the supervision of a dietitian, or an administrator	He/she is a skilled worker in food service management or nutritional	

and a consulting dietitian, he/ care who has successfully completed she assists in providing food service management or nutritional care services.

dietetic technicians which meets the standards established by The American Dietetic Association.

Dietetic Assistant* a dietetic technician or a

dietitian, or an administrator and a consulting dietitian, and through assigned tasks, ing food service supervision and nutritional care services.

Under the close supervision of He/she is a high school graduate (or equivalent) who has successfully completed a course in food service supervision and nutritional care which meets the standards established he/she participates in provid- by The American Dietetic Association.

an associate degree program for

*This generic term includes the title, food service supervisor.

For further information regarding -

- . the chief activities of the dietetic technician or dietetic assistant
- . ADA standards for dietetic technician or dietetic assistant programs
- . ADA approval of dietetic technician or dietetic assistant programs $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right$
- . schools in specific state (s) which offer dietetic technician or dietetic assistant programs
- write to the Coordinator, Education of Supportive Personnel (address above)

AMERICAN OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY ASSOCIATION

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Occupational Therapy: Its Definition and Functions

Occupational therapy is the art and science of directing man's participation in selected tasks to restare, reinforce and enhance performance, facilitate learning of those skills and functions essential for adaptation and productivity, diminish or correct pathology and to promote and maintain health. Its fundamental concern is the development and maintenance of the capacity, throughout the life span, to perform with satisfaction to self and others those tasks and roles essential to productive living and to the mastery of self and the environment.

Since the primary focus of occupational therapy is the development of adaptive skills and performance capacity, its concern is with factors which serve as barriers or impediments to the individual's ability to function, as well as those factors which promote, influence or enhance performance.

Occupational therapy provides service to those individuals whose abilities to cope with tasks of living are threatened or impaired by developmental deficits, the aging process, poverty and cultural differences, physical injury or illness, or psychologic and social disability.

Reference to occupation in the title is in the context of man's goal-directed use of time, energy, interest and attention.

The practice of occupational therapy is based upon concepts which acknowledge that:

Activities are primary agents for learning and development and an essential source of satisfaction.

In engaging in activities, the individual explores the nature of his interests, needs, capacities and limitations; develops motor, perceptual and cognitive skills; learns a range of interpersonal and social attitudes and behaviors sufficient for coping with life tasks and mastering elements of his environment.

Task occupation is an integral part of human development—it represents or reflects life—work situations and is thus a vehicle for acquiring or redeveloping those skills essential to the fulfillment of life roles.



When octivities match or ore reloted to the developmental needs and interests of the individual, these octivities not only offord the necessary learning for development or restoration, but provide an intrinsic gratification which promotes and sustains health and evokes a strong investment in the restorative process.

The end product inherent in a tosk or on octivity provides concrete evidence of the obility to be possible ond to have on influence on one's environment.

Activities "are doing" and such focus upon productivity and participation teaches o sense of self os a contributing participant rather than recipient.

These principles ore opplied in proctice through programs reflecting the profession's commitment to comprehensive health core. These programs ore:

Prevention and Health Maintenance Programs which have as their purpose: The fostering of normal development, sustaining and protecting existing functions and obilities, preventing disability and/or supporting levels of resotration or change. The central concern is provision of activity experiences which enable the individual to use productively his existing skills, capacities and strengths; those which provide personal gratification and meet the basic human needs of man for acceptance, achievement, creativity, decision-making, autonomy, self-assertion and social relationships; those which provide apportunities to pursue and develop interests, explore potential, develop capacities and learn of the resources within himself and within his external world.

Remedial Programs which focus on the reduction of pathology or specific disability, providing task and activity experiences which may diminish the particular impairment, restore or develop the individual's capacity to function. In this context, the tasks or activities selected will be those whose characteristics and properties will, for example, provide specific exercise and motor learning; offer appropriate sensory stimuli and improve response; promote muscle strength, endurance and coordination; olter disorders in thinking and/or feeling; teach and enhance interpersanal skills; offer the necessary psychological need gratification; correct faulty self concepts and identity; develop those attitudes and skills basic to the pursuit of independent functioning.

Daily Life Tasks and Vocational Adjustment Programs, which are primarily concerned with work adaptation and work role odjustment ond where the tasks chosen are those which will promote and teoch independent functioning, develop and enhance the ability to work ond/or fulfill age-specific life tasks and roles. This focus involves the identification and examination of those roles and skills essential for the individual's adaptation to his community; ossessment of the nature and level of his work capacities, ottitudes and self care skills; identification of what learning needs to occur and in what sequence; provision of graded task experiences which will teach the necessary skills and attitudes.

These programs are not mutually exclusive, but often occur simultaneously. Thus, for example, the child with a developmental deficit may be helped to achieve the necessary learning and growth through involvement in a game, working a puzzle or learning spatial relationships by painting a picture. The physically impaired may regain necessary muscle control through the grasping exercise in a personally gratifying game of checkers or in a woodworking project, or perhaps be taught to compensate for his loss through a competitive sport, learning to sculpture or to operate o calculator. Normal growth and development of the disadvantoged child may be supported and encouraged through participation in a story telling group, building an airplane model, or working with colored blocks. His parent may be helped to develop a sense of being able to influence his environment by involvement in a homemaking skills group, a housing project discussion group or developing relevant marketable job skills. The socially maladapted or emotionally disturbed person may be nelped to develop more realistic responses to failure and success, more flexibility in responding to the demands of his world through participation in gardening or other group projects, or to perfect job related skills, or learn to manage his feelings and test his adequacy through creative painting, writing or drama.

The task or activity experiences within each frame of reference may be offered in the context of a group setting where the dynamics of the group are used to facilitate participation and goal achievement, or on on individual basis wherein the one-to-one relationship is used as a motivational and supportive force.

The overall service functions of the occupational therapist are to:

- (1) evaluate the individual client or patient's performance capacities and deficits;
- (2) select tasks or activity experiences appropriate to the defined needs and goals;



- (3) facilitate and influence client or patient participation and investment;
- (4) evaluate response, assess and measure change and development; and
- (5) validate assessments, share findings and make appropriate recommendations.

Occupational therapy provides service to a wide population in a variety of settings such as hospitals and clinics, rehabilitation facilities, sheltered workshops, schools and camps, extended are facilities, private homes, housing projects, and community agencies and centers. Occupational therapists both receive from and make referrals to the appropriate health, education or medical specialists. The teacher, public health nurse, physician, physical therapist, psychologist, speech pathologist, social worker and recreator are some of the professionals with whom the responsibility for comprehensive care is shared.

Delivery of occupational therapy services involves several levels of personnel. The basic entrance level qualifications, roles and functions of each may be broadly defined and differentiated as follows:

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Entry Level Functions of The Registered Occupational Therapis Certified Occupational Therapy. Assistant and Occupational Therapy

Registered Occupational Therapist (OTR)

Therapy Assistant (COTA Certified Occupational

nimal Education and/or Training

Professionally educated in a baccalaureate registration exarnination of The American national accreditation bodies of the proholds current registration with that body Occupational Therapy Association, and or masters curriculum accredited by the fession, and/or has passed the national

current certification with said pro-Association, is certified and haids American Occupational Therapy Has satisfactorily completed an occupational therapy assistant curriculum opproved by the fessional organization.

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Prevention and Health Maintenance Program Direct Services

style; evaluates this information in lights sting skills, capacities, interests and life other data about client/patient 1) Elicits information regu

of activities which meet his leisure time and utilize and reinforce his strengths and skills 2) Counsels client/patient in the selection and maintain his appropriate life style occupational role needs and interests,

of other data about client/patient style, evaluates this data in light existing skills, interests and life 1) Elicits information regording

force his strengths and skills ond main needs and interests, utilize and reinselection of activities which meet his leisure time and occupational rale 2) Counsels client/patient in the tain his appropriate life style.

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Lecture Titles and Authors

CLINICAL CHEMISTRY

Chairman: Daniel M. Baer, M.D., ASCP Council on Clinical Chemistry, Director of Laboratory, The Permanente Clinic, Portland, Ore.

Robert Fouty, M.D. and Janiece Sattler, Washington-Alaska Regional Medical Program, Seattle

BASIC PRINCIPLES - INSTRUMENT ASPECTS - 2 Parts Carl Alper, Ph.D., Bio Science Laboratories, Philadelphia, Pa.

BASIC PRINCIPLES - CHEMICAL ASPECTS Herbert E. Spiegel, Ph.D., Research Division, Hoff-

man-LaRoche, Inc., Nutley, N.J. Thomas Liddy, M.D., St. Mary's Hospital, Hoboken,

AUTOANALYZER Jerald Schenken, M.D., Nebraska-Methodist Hospital,

Omaha, Neb. QUALITY CONTROL IN CLINICAL CHEMISTRY Joseph H. Boutwell, M.D., Ph.D., Chief, Licensure and Development Branch, Laboratory Division, CDC,

Atlanta, Ga. LIPID METAROLISM AND METHODOLOGY Eugene W. Landreth, M.D., Pathologist, Holladay Park Hospital, Portland, Ore.

CARBOHYDRATE METABOLISM AND

METHODOLOGY Gerald R. Cooper, M.D., Ph.D., ASCP Council on Clinical Chemistry, Chief, Lipids Section, Clinical Chemistry, Hematology & Pathology Branch, Laboratory Division, CDC, Atlanta, Ga.

METHODS USED FOR DETERMINATION OF BLOOD GLUCOSE

Gerald R. Cooper, M.D., Ph.D. NITROGEN METABOLISM

Herbert E. Spiegel, Ph.D., and Thomas Liddy, M.D.

PROTEIN MEASUREMENT Franklin Elevitch, M.D., Pathologist, Mt. Zion Hospi-

tal & Medical Center, San Francisco, Calif. WATER AND MINERAL METABOLISM INCLUDING

ELECTROLYTES · 2 Parts Irwin Schoen, M.D., Los Robles Hospital, Thousand Oaks, Calif.

CHEMISTRY OF RESPIRATION:

ACID-BASE BALANCE Werner Fleischer, M.D., Pathologist, St. Joseph Hospi-

tal, Joliet, III. TECHNICAL ASPECTS OF PH AND BLOOD GAS MEASUREMENTS Werner Fleischer, M.D.

BILIRUBIN METABOLISM AND METHODOLOGY LCDR. Paul Phillip Sher (MC)USNR, National Naval Medical Center, Bethesda, Md.

GASTRIC AND CEREBROSPINAL FLUID ANALYSIS
Ronald C. Picoff, M.D., ASCP Council on Special
Topics, and Thomas D. Trainer, M.D., Pathologist, Medical Center Hospital of Vermont, Burlington.

QUANTITATIVE MEASUREMENT OF ENZYME

ACTIVITY - 2 Parts Herbert E. Spiegel, Ph.D., and Thomas Liddy, M.D. Daniel M. Baer, M.D., Director of Laboratory, The Permanente Clinic, Portland, Ore.

THYROID FUNCTION TESTS - 2 Parts

C.A. Nugent, M.D., Chief, Endocrinology Section, Department of Internal Medicine, University of Arizona, Tucson

CLINICAL LABORATORY TOXICOLOGY

Thorne J. Butler, M.D., ASCP Council on Clinical Chemistry, Southern Nevada Memorial Hospital, Las Vegas, Nev.

ISOTOPES

Angelo Lapi, M.D., Pathologist, St. Mary's Hospital, Kansas City Mo

1) May administer standard evaluation

1) Accorde the ration and extent of

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Direct Svcs. (Cont'd.) Prevention & Health

Naintenance Program

health contraindications for involvement 3) Identifies and/or interprets medical in a given activity or task

task and/or refers to other resource and/ 4) Engages client/patient in activity or or provide, consultation or supervises others in implementation of program

4) Engages client/patient in activity

3) Identifies contra-indications for

involvement in a given activity

5) Uses one-to-one and group relation ships to facilitate participation, sup interests, develop and sustain capac

interests, develop and sustain capacities ships to facilitate participation, support 5) Uses one-to-one and group relationand adaptive skills

compares these with other findings and 6) Evaluates responses, correlates and

7) Counsels client/patient regarding resources within his community

7) Counsels alient/patient reyarding

resources within his community

6) Evaluates responses, correlates

and adaptive skills

and compares these with other

8) Facilitates community involve-

8) Facilitates community involvement Remedial Program

R.J. Hartsock, N.D. of Singe Memorial Research Institute, Pittsburgh, served as chairman

hematology series, terminate on Fundamental procedures and principles and gives a basis cussions of the techniques used to hematologic disorders.

The presentation of abnormalities of and the lectures or diagnostic tests for sich describe and illustrate the many classical aberiation seen in the laboratory. An i proach to the study of normal and atypical a unique feature of the senes.

The tape that discusses special stains in l designed to give the student an understan chemical reactions. Special hematologic pr the lecture on hemoglobin electrophoresis techniques and approaches used as an aid to

Special Procedures was title of lecture taped by Asa Barnes, Jr., M.D., University of Mis-souri Columbia Medical School.

VOLUME III: 400 Slides Review

Coagulation, Hematology The four coagulation lectures cover theory, nomenclature and testing p.ocedures i., a field where progress has been rapid during the past three decades. The introduction of new coagulation factors and the development of new laboratory methods have been helpful both in the diagnosis of bleeding disorders, and also in mentor-

ing the therapeutic management of bleeders. The series deals with the theory of hemostasis including basic coagulation reactions; routine screening tests



Roberts, M.D., he. led pared two taped lectures, then departed for Denmark for year

used in the evaluation of the hemostasis reaction; the application of tests in differential diagnosis; and the theory of fibrinolysis reflecting current concepts of

fibrinolytic mechanism. More than 400 colored slides are incorporated in the 14 lectures in the hematology series to provide a comprehensive survey of blood cell morphology, with parts cular emphasis on abnormal cellular components present in disease. Seven experts in the field of hematology present this section of the series clearly and concisely. The introductory lecture reviews fundamental testing

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Certified Occupational Therapy Assistant (COTA)

Occupational Therapy Aide (OTA)

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Direct Svcs. (Cont'd.) Remediol Program

- 2) Selects tasks or octivities opprapriote to the treatment needs ond goals
- 3) Engages client/patient in remediol activity or task; uses group and/or interpersonal dynomics to facilitate and sustain opprapriate participation ond effect change
- 4) Evaluates response, ossesses and measures change ond develapment in relation to treatment goals
- 5) Evaluates and validates findings, shares ossessment with other prafessionols
- 6) Counsels patient/client; disucsses progress, reviews goals with patient/client
- 7) Makes recammendations and rereferrals to other programs and/or agencies as indicated

- 2) In colloboration with or under supervision of OTR, may select specified remediol tasks ar octivity as appropriate to treatment needs ond goals
- 3) Under supervision of ond/ar in collaboration with OTR, may engage client/patient in remedial activity or task; uses graup and/ar interpersonal dynamics to facilitate and sustain appropriate participation and effect change
- 4) In callaboration with ar under supervision of OTR, may evaluate response, measure change & development, and record data as requested
- 5) Contributes to evoluation of doto, communicates results to others as appropriate
- 6) May, as requested, review progress and goals with client/patient
- 7) Mokes recommendations ond referrals to other programs and/or agencies as indicated

- 2) Not recognized os being trained to perform this function
- 3) Not recognized as being troined to perform this function
- 4) Observes general behovior ond records datr os requested
- 5) Not recognized os being troined to perform this function
- 6) As delegated ond under supervision, may review pragress with client/patient
- 7) May make referrals os requested



Occupational	OTR)
_	Therapist ((
Registered	Ě

Certified Occupational Therapy Assistant (COTA)

Occupational Therapy Aide (OTA)

> Direct Svcs. (Cont'd.) Remedial Program

8) Maintains medical and progress record related to professional assessments

8) Contributes observations to be included in clinical and progress records. Maintains essential records

8) Shares observations to be included in clinical records and progress notes

Daily Life Tasks and Vocational Adjustment Program

1) Identifies the work roles and/cr tasks required for adaptation to the community; delineates the skills required for such roles or tasks

2) Assesses the nature and level of client/patient's work capacities and skills, attitudes, and self care abilities

 Identifies the kind and level of learning which needs to occur, and in what order 4) Selects activities and tasks appropriate to these needs

5) Engages client/patient in task experience and uses group and/or interpersonal relationship to facilitate and sustain participation and learning

1) Contributes information from personal knowledge regarding particular work roles and life tasks

2) a. May assist in the administration and/or scoring of routine standardized tests and evaluation procedures;
b. May assist in collecting data regarding client/patient's work capacities;
c. Observes and reports attitudes and

3) Assists with identifying learning needs

4) May collaborate with the OTR in selection of appropriate activities

5) Teaches and/or assists client/patient in tasks; uses group and/or interpersonal relationship to sustain interest and learning

1) May contribute information from personal knowledge regarding work roles and life tasks in his culture

Observes and reports general behavior

3) Contributes observations which aid in identifying learning needs

4) Not recognized as being trained to perform this function

5) May teach or assist in teaching some activities with which he has had experience; uses interpersonal relationahip to sustain interest and learning

Occupationa	pist (OTR)
Registered	Thera

Therapy Assistant (COTA) Certified Occupational

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A section of the

Occupational Therapy Aide (OTA)

> Vocational Adjustment Direct Svcs. (Cont'd.) Daily Life Tasks and Program

- measures learning and development 6) Evaluates response, assesses and
- progress of learning, shares information with OTR and/or appropriate 6) Reports responses, identifies others
- 6) Reports response, shares impressions with OTR and/or COTA

- 7) Validates findings, shares information with other professional staff
- 7) Shares information with others as requested
- 7) Shares information with others as requested

8) Not recognized as trained to perform counseling functions.

- progress, goals and plans and/or super-8) Counsels client/patient regarding vises counseling process
- progress, goals and plans as requested 8) Counsels client/patient regarding and under supervision of OTR
- 9) Not recognized as being trained to perform this function

- 9) Makes referrals to other programs and/ or agencies as indicated
- 9) Makes referrals to other programs or agencies as requested and/or in collaboration with OTR

10) Keeps progress nates

10) Writes notes as requested

10) Maintains medical and progress

records

Program Support Functions

- correlation, coordination and communievaluates program services; determines program and personal needs; assures 1) Plans, directs, coordinates, and cation among staff and with other services
- 1) Contributes impressions and assists of program; may plan and carry responsi- as requested. gram and personal needs as appropriate bility for health maintenance and prevention program, may determine pro-1) Assists in planning and evaluation



Registered Occupational	Certified Occupational	Occupational Therapy
Therapist (OTR)	Therapy Assistant (COTA)	Aide (OTA)

Program Support Functions (Cont'd.)

- 9) Provides information to individuals and groups outside the facility or agency to inform community of occupational therapy services
- 10) Participates in, may coordinate, develop or implement research projects
- 11) Collaborates and consults with other professionals both within and outside the agency or facility to enhance program and services

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- 9) Assists in promoting public awareness and understanding of occupational therapy services
- 10) May assist in research activities by compiling, recording or posting specific data
- 11) Collaborates and consults with others so as to enhance program and services

- 9) Assists in promoting public awareness and understanding of occupational therapy services as appropriate
- 10) May provide technical assistance in the posting of specific data
- 11) Gives and receives appropriate and pertinent information as requested

January, 1973



EXAMINATIONS

gional basis. The selection of a specific site will be dependent upon the number of application; received and the availability of physicians to monitor Examinations will be scheduled on an area or Re-You will be notified as to the date, time and place of the next examination to be administered in your area or region. the examinations.

The written examination will consist of 150 multiple choice type questions. You will be allowed up to two and one half hours to complete the written

necessary skills of the E.M.T., and to answer demonstrate your ability to physically apply the questions relative to the prescribed practical skills. The practical examination will require that you

Every effort will be exerted to schedule the written and practical examinations for the same day, Succeeding days, or succeeding weeks.

The Registry examinations may be scheduled as the final for local training programs as well as for entry into the Registry. However, in such cases the trainees must submit applications for processing prior to the scheduled examination date.

Examinations must be returned to this office for accounting and shipment to Data Processing for computer grading.

mailed to the address appearing on your application You will be notified of the examination results on pass or fail basis only. This notification will be in approximately four weeks from the date of your examination.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

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MEDICAL TECHNICIANS EMERGENCY



INFORMATION AND QUALIFICATIONS EMT - AMBULANCE EXAMINATION

1395 E. DUBLIN-GRANVILLE ROAD COLUMBUS, OHIO 43229 P. O. BOX 29233

FORWARD

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health protessions. of the over-all emergency medical care system. As such, recognition and status similar to that of other allied it must be considered a professional service that is due The Emergency Ambulance Service is a vital part

or registered by their respective national organization, there-by attesting to their competency through uniand inhalation therapists, have for years been certified ray and Laboratory technicians, physical, occupational, engaged in other allied health professions, such as Xto the proficiency of ambulance personnel. Individuals the ambulance service, there has not been one single whose membership consists of individuals engaged in form training and qualifying examinations. national accreditation organization which would attest Even though there are a number of organizations

ed a Task Force to study the feasibility of a Registry Association, chaired by I. E. Hendryson, M.D., appoint-Emergency Medical Services of the American Medical Committee on Highway Safety, that there be a nafor Emergency Medical Technicians. realizing that such an organization was essential for tional accreditation agency to establish standards, and improved ambulance services, the Commission on Accepting the recommendation of the President's

M.D., initially met on January 21, 1970 with representatives of the various organizations involved in ambulance services. The Task Force, chaired by Oscar P. Hampton, Jr.,

dustry's concern for proper recognition, professional status, and uniform standards for personnel and training. Thus, the Registry was conceived. The participants at this meeting indicated the in-

Committee, chaired by J. D. Farrington, M.D., was stitution and Bylaws were drawn, and the Examination of Directors Meeting. Officers were elected, the Condate that the Task Force dissolved into the first Board Chicago, Illinois, the Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians-Ambulance was born. For it was on that On June 4, 1970 at the A.M. Headquarters in

PURPOSES

The purposes of the Registry are:

- To promote the improved delivery of Emergency Medical Services by:
- (a) Assisting in the development and evalugency Medical Technicians-Ambulance ation of educational programs to train Emer-
- (b) Establishing qualifications for eligibility to apply for registration
- (c) Preparing and conducting examinations designed to assure the competency of Emer-
- <u>a</u> Establishing a system for biennial re-registragency Medical Technicians-Ambulance tion (every two years)
- (e) Establishing procedures for revocation of
- (f) Maintaining a directory of Registered Emergency Medical Technicians-Ambulance certificates of registration for cause
- 'n cal Technicians Programs to raise their level of dividuals who have completed Emergency Medi-To develop guidelines and programs to assist in-Emergency Medical Services, and competence to assure the provision of improved
- To do any and all things necessary or desirable for the attainment of the purposes stated above.

FUNDING

assist in the development and organization of the Reg-The following organizations have advanced funds to

original loan of \$2000.00. The Ambulance Association of America made an

000.00 loan to be drawn in \$5000.00 increments. The American Medical Association provided a \$15,-

The Employers Insurance of Wausau also provided

grams that would improve the deliverance of emergency medical care. Their dedication and confidence in the \$15,000.00 to be drawn in \$5000.00 increments. These organizations have continuously supported pro-

A program for repayment of the loans has been es-

dance to its longevity.

Registry is worthy of praise and certainly adds cre-

Entry Requirements and Qualification For Examination

must meet the following requirements: As of January 1, 1973, applicants seeking registration as an Emergency Medical Technician - Ambulanc

1. EXPERIENCE

minimum of six months within the past six years as a military medical corpsman in the field for or rescue squad experience within the 12 month prior to the date of application, or have serve A minimum of six months emergency ambulance

AGE
All applicants must be at least 18 years of age

geons, or its equivalent. A copy of your training completed a recognized E.M.T. Training Program such as provided by The Department of Trans the application. record, certificate, or card must be attached to portation, The American College of Surgeons All applicants must show evidence of having The American Academy of Orthopaedic Sur

REGISTRATION FEE

mitted with the application, payable to THE NATIONAL REGISTRY OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL A registration fee of \$15.00 in check or money order, (preferably money order) must be sub-TECHNICIANS

Fees will be refunded if application is recessing. cation is accepted and entered into data projected. Fees will not be refunded if the appli-

ហ **APPLICATIONS**

requested information must be completed. Incate and signed by the applicant. All of the complete applications will be rejected. All applications must be submitted in dupli-

If there are a number of applications from the if they are submitted as a group. same locality, processing will be facilitated





EXAMINATIONS EQUIVALENCY

NICAL CHEMISTRY

h of the following is NDT stabolic product of hemo-

robilinogen (8) Copropor -in (C) Bilirubin (D) erdin (E) Urobilin

ROBIOLOGY

h of the following is NOT icteristic of Mycoplasma moniae? Beta hemolysis (B) Rement for serum (C) Gluutilization (D) Capability independent growth (E)

HEMATOLOGY

Wright stain causes the cytoplasm of lyniphocytes to be

upus erythematosus, the ed nucleoprotein is most ly phagocytized by

1ATOLOGY k cell walls

(C) myelocytes (D) segted neutrophils (E)

lymphocytes (6) mono-

BLOOD BANKING

proximately how many hemoglobin tests can be done? With a volume of 30 milliliters of copper sulfate solution, ap-

ntigen frequently weaken-

acute leukemia is

UNOHEMATOLOGY

D(Rh₀) (B) Xg^a (C) A₁ (hr¹) (E) Fy^a

PROFICIENCY EXAMINATIONS

CLINICAL CHEMISTRY

normal. How many milliliters of the solution are required to The concentration of a certain sulfuric acıd solution is 20. make a liter of a 0.10 normal solution?

(A) 2 5 ml (B) 5.0 ml, (C) 20 ml, (D) 10. ml, (E) 50. ml,

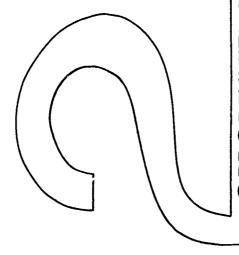
MICROBIOLOGY

temperature (in grees Fahrenfieit) for human patho-The most common incubator

(A) 25°F (B) 30° F (C) 37° F (D) 56° F (E) 98° F

(A) purple (B) gray (C) yellow (D) pink (E) blue

(A) 15 (B) 25 (C) 50 (D) 75 (E) 100



OPPORTUNITIES

AQIDEMIC CREDIT

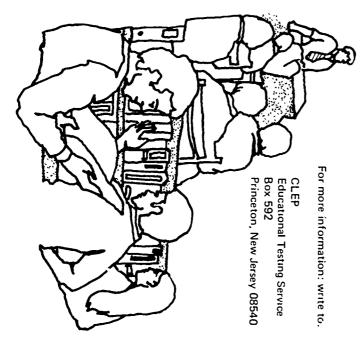
ACADEMIC EQUIVALENCY EXAMINATIONS IN MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY

Four tests—undergraduate Microbiology and the clinical subjects Hematology, Chemistry, and Immunohematology

Part of the College-Level Examination Program (CLEP) of the College Entrance Examination Board. CLEP exams in undergraduate subjects are accepted by nearly 1,400 colleges for credit and advanced standing. Candidates hoping for such credit in a MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNICIAN or MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY programshould check out the policy of the college or school they wish to attend.

90-minute paper-and-pencil tests, with optional essay tests. No eligibility requirements.

Tests given monthly by Educational Testing Service at test centers across the country. Fee: \$15 per subject



FOR JOB PLACEMENT

PROFICIENCY EXAMINATIONS FOR CLINICAL LABORATORY PERSONNEL

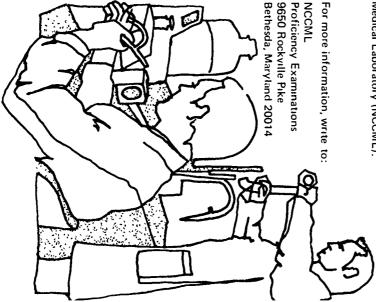
Four tests—Clinical Chemistry, Microbiology, Hematology and Blood Banking

Employers can use these test scores to measure job-related capabilities and to place and apprade lastoratory personne who have learned in the military or on the job. Use of the Examinations for job placement has been endorsed by all the major professional organizations of laboratory employers.

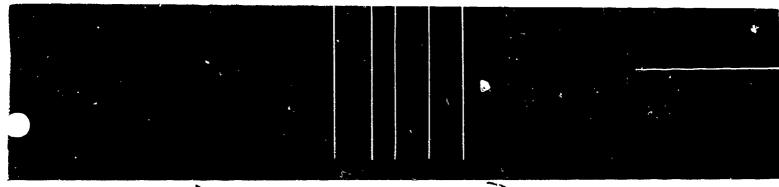
One-hour paper-and-pencil tests, No eligibility requirements

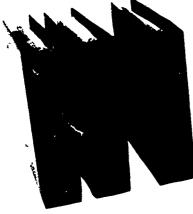
Tests are given twice a year by Educational Testing Service at test centers across the country. Fee: \$25, for one or more of the four tests.

Sponsored by the National Committee for Careers in the Medical Laboratory (NCCML).

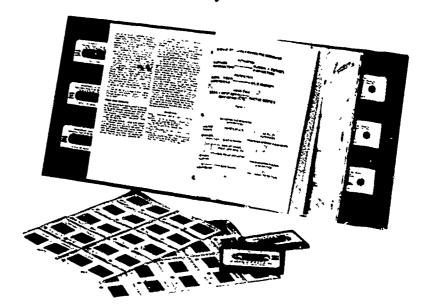








FOUR HARD-COVER VINYL BINDERS each hold tapes in cassettes locked in special compartments on inside covers; accompanying printed texts for each subject area and color slides collected in slide sleeves hang on three rings of binder.



LISTEN, LOOK & LEARN: A New Series of Taped Lectures and Slides

A comprehensive set of instructional material for the medical laboratory—a series of 72 taped lectures and more than 600 slides—is now available for those who need to study practically any phase of clinical laboratory work.

Four loose-leaf volumes contain the taped iectures, printed texts and slides covering seven basic areas of laboratory practice: blood banking, serology and urinalysis; clinical chemistry; coagulation and hematology; and microbiology.

These have been developed over a period of almost three years by 62 out anding clinical scientists who donated their knowledge and time to research, tape and edit the lectures, select and key in the color slides and prepare the printed texts, diagrams, tables and references that make up the didactic material of the series.

The result of this effort is a comprehensive, detailed body of instruction. It is aimed at inservice continuing education; it will also be of assistance to students in schools of medical technology, medical laboratory technician and certified laboratory assistant programs.

It provides a self-learning instrument for inactive medical technologists who need to refresh their knowledge after a lapse of time away from the lab; of men trained in military laboratories moving into civilian jobs; of those preparing for proficiency, certification and licensure examinations. The series is suitable both for group training or individual self-study.

The entire 4-volume series is constructed to be sold as a unit or each volume may be purchased separately from NCCML or the National Audiovisual Center, General Services Administration, Washington, D.C.. Printed texts of all lectures in seven booklets are also available as a unit, and will be especially useful to individual students in a school that has purchased the full Listen, Look and Learn set.

For further information about how to order the new series of Taped Lectures and Slides, see the Order Blank on Page 8 of this issue of GIST.

The Listen, Look and Learn series was produced by the National Committee for Careers in the Medical Laboratory of the American Society of Clinical Pathologists and the College of American Pathologists, financed on contract from the U.S. Department of Labor.

IF YOU HAVE ALREADY RECEIVED THIS ISSUE OF GIST PLEASE PASS IT ON.

VOLUME 1: Blood Banking, Serology, Urinalysis in 18 Lectures

Clinical pathologists and scientists in public and private research organizations, the American Association of Blood Banks and the American National Red Cross, and the Center for Disease Control contributed the 18 lec-



Chester Zmijewski, M.D. headed blood banking committee with help of D.W. Huestis, M.D. and R.W. Lambert, Ph.D., shares responsibility for serology with Dan F. Palmer, Dr. P.H.

tures that make up the three senes in Volume I on blood banking, serology, and urinalysis.

The eight lectures on blood banking present currently acceptable techniques with emphasis on the special problems of crossmatching and the complications that may surround blood trans-

fusions. Hemolytic disease of the newborn and blood group antibodies are given special treatment; the final lecture discusses the critical importance of quality control in blood banks.

Serologists at CDC contributed all the tapes on the serology series. Basically, this is an overview of general precepts, with the five lectures laying the groundwork



ARC's Luchsinger and Murawski

tor excursions into more advanced techniques soon to be adopted in the immunoserology laboratory.

Sixty color slides accompany the three tapes in the urinalysis series, a fundamental review of microscopic, chemical and other special tests for the study of urine. They were all contributed by Dr. Robert G. Langaster. Chairman for the urinalysis series. He recently edited an atlas with slides, "Urinary Sediment", for the American Society of Clinical Pathologists' Commission on Continuing Education.



CDC's Cavallaro, Palmer and Galt.

HOW 62 LABORATORY SCIENTISTS DEVELOPED SERIES OVER THREE-YEAR PERIOD

Careful organization and a system of meticulous review were the safeguards built into the development of NCCML's Taped Lectures and Slides for accuracy and timeliness. Their scientific authority was assured by the high professional calibre of the experts who taped the lectures and the committees that reviewed them.



Mary S. Britt, M.S. MT(ASCP)

The project was launched under the aegis of NCCML's Education Committee, headed by Jon V. Straumfjord, Jr., M.D., Chairman, Department of Pathology, Medical College of Wisconsin, Milwaukee, and Mary S. Britt, M.S., MT(ASCP), School of Medical Technology, Duke University. Co-Chairmen

of the Steering Committee for the entire project were Miss Britt and Robert G. Lancaster, M.D., Chief of Pathology, Mercy Hospital, Baltimore, and ASCP Deputy Commissioner of Medical Laboratory Personnel.

Chairman of the seven areas, who defined the subject matter to be covered and selected the individual professionals to tape the lectures and collect visuals, are: Chester Zmijewski, Ph.D. (Blood Banking, Serology); Robert G. Lancaster, M.D. (Urinalysis); Daniel M. Baer, M.D., (Clinical Chemistry); Harold R.

Roberts, M.D. (Coagulation); Robert J. Hartsock,

M.D. (Hematology); John Neff, M.D. (Microbiology).
Other members of the steering committee were:
George F. Stevenson, M.D., ASCP, Chicago; Evelyn
Abell, MT(ASCP), Laboratory Division, Center for
Disease Control; Atlanta; Bettina Martin, MT(ASCP),
Upstate Medical Center, State University of New
York, Syracuse; Martha Wallace, MT(ASCP), St. Barnabas Medical Center, Livingston, N.J.

The review system began when the lecturer transmitted his taped lecture to Mrs. Betts Kenworthy, NCCML Project Coordinator, for transcription and general review. The lecture was then sent to the area committee involved for a professional critique, and then to members of the overall steering committee for final review.

Both Dr. Lancaster and Miss Britt read and lis-

tened to all of the 72 lectures. Tapes and transcripts then came back to NCCML for copy editing and additions of titles and subheads. The printed texts and slides were returned to the original lecturer for a last check before the final journey to the sound studio, printer and color laboratory,



Robert G. Lancaster, M.D.



Lecture Titles and Authors

BLOOD BANKING

Chairman: Chester Zmijewski, Ph.D., Director, Transplantation Immunology & Diagnostic Research, Ortho Research Foundation, Raritan, N.J.

Douglas W. Huestis, M.D., Department of Pathology, College of Medicine, University of Arizona, Tucson

Reginald M. Lambert, Ph.D., Blood Group Research Unit, School of Medicine, State U. of New York, Buffalo.

BASIC REVIEW OF BLOOD AND COMPONENTS

David Borucki, M.D., Pathologist, Community Hospital of the Monterey Peninsula, Carmel, Calif.

BLOOD COLLECTION

Barbara LaG. Luchsinger, Assistant National Director, Blood Program Nursing, and Kris Murawski, M.D., Assistant National Medical Director, Blood Program, under direction of T.J. Greenwalt, M.D., National Medical Director, Blood Program, The American National Red Cross, Washington, D.C.

COMPLICATIONS OF TRANSFUSION

Ned G. Maxwell, M.D., Medical Director, Central Blood Bank of Pittsburgh

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Jerald Schenken, M.D., author of lecture on AutoAnalyzer, demonstrates operation of equipment in laboratories of Nebras-ka Methodist Hospital, Omaha. Dr. Schenken serves on ASCP's Committee on Clinical Pathology Education.



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Joseph H. Boutwell, M.D., past president of American Association of Clinical Chemists contributes his expertise as CDC's Chief of Licensure Branch to tape lecture on Quality Control.

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